

POEMS
OF RESISTANCE
FROM
ANGOLA
MOZAMBIQUE
AND GUINÉ

When bullets begin to flower

SELECTED
AND TRANSLATED
BY
MARGARET DICKINSON



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Incressors
Of the Authors

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I would like to thank
the members of
FRELIMO, MPLA and PAIGO
who have made this book possible;
I hope they will be tolerant
of the result.

western civilisation

Agostinho Neto

Sheets of tin nailed to posts driven in the ground make up the house.

Some rags complete the intimate landscape.

The sun slanting through cracks welcomes the owner

After twelve hours of slave labour.

breaking rock shifting rock breaking rock shifting rock fair weather wet weather breaking rock shifting rock

Old age comes early

a mat on dark nights is enough when he dies gratefully of hunger.

african poetry moinsiling melsow

Agostinho Neto 165% B

Out on the horizon there are fires and the dark silhouettes of the beaters with arms outstretched. in the air, the green smell of burning palms. African poetry 1 He In the street water a Mar a line of Bailundu bearers tremble under the weight of their load in the room a mulatto girl with meek eyes colours her face with rice powder and rouge a woman wriggles her hips under a garish clothui i on the bed a man, sleepless, dreams of buying knives and forks so he can eat at table in the sky the glow of fires

11 21 2 3 20

OI BLEEF

and the silhouette of black men dancing with arms outstretched, in the air, the hot music of marimbas

African poetry

and in the street the bearers in the room the mulatto girl on the bed the man, sleepless

The burnings consume consume the hot earth with horizons afire.

mulatto margarida

Jose Craveirinha

I own a kind of lyric poem in the fifty escudos* from my pay which gives me fifteen minutes of sincerity in the bed of the mulatto woman who when aborted paid the midwife with the English sailor's swiss watch

^{&#}x27; about 15 shillings

Mulatto Margāŗīda na 122 'n to 113 ortus On the number 3 bus route on the number 3 bus route hair straightenedrwith a steel combiand brylcream a misericordia medallion hung on a gold thread the boss's Our Lord God and you Joaquim, driver of the orange taxi, they know I'm a good customer our view in a many in - just three days after the end of every month. on . ted the riar 9117 And the brown body of Mulatto Margarida is dressed in nylon the canteen owner bought is fed on two ounces of tea, some rice and peanut soup the third dates of our from Zeca Macubana who inherited blue eyes from romantic nights of jazz in the Rua Arauja while an elastic belt

And I know poetry when I take away with me the purity of Mulatto Margarida, in her fiftieth bout of gonorrhoea.

.15

supports the fallen womb.

a different poem

Onésimo Silveira

The people of the islands want a different poem For the people of the islands; A poem without exiles complaining In the calm of their existence; A poem without children nourished On the black milk of aborted time A poem without mothers gazing At the vision of their sons, motherless. The people of the islands want a different poem For the people of the islands: A poem without arms in need of work Nor mouths in need of bread A poem without boats ballasted with people On the road to the South A poem without words choked By the harrows of silence. The people of the islands want a different poem For the people of the islands: A poem with sap rising in the heart of the BEGINNING A poem with Batuque and tchabeta* and the badias+ of St. Catherine.

A poem with shaking hips and laughing ivory.

[•] A dance

⁺ A term for the women from Santiago.

The people of the islands want a different poem in be. For the people of the islands:

A poem without men who lose the seas' grace and the fantasy of the main compass points.

() ie

february *

Agostinho Neto

It was then the Atlantic in the course of time gave back the carcasses of men swathed in white flowers of foam and in the victims' boundless hate, brought on waves of death's congealed blood

And the beaches were smothered by crows and jackals with a bestial hunger for the battered flesh on the sands of the land, scorched by the terror of centuries enslaved and chained, of the land called green which children even now call green for hope.

It was then that the bodies in the sea swelled up with shame and salt in the course of time in blood-stained waters of desire and weakness.

It was then that in our eyes, fired now with blood, now with life, now with death,

The Angolan revolution began on February 4th 1961 with an attack on Luanda prison.

we buried our dead v	ictoriously	chruary
and on the graves ma	de recognition,,,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
of the reason men wer	re sacrificed	
for love,		
for peace,		
even while facing dea		
in blood-stained water		
A 4 ' tala ta	्यार १५४ म	eta S
And within us	Ten 15 ' H	., 1
the green land of San		
will be also the islan	droffioves > 1	1 . 1
ייי אני אני	n	1 1 15 15 F
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fourth poem		t
Costa Andrade	1 1 1	atter 1 in
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		ा सिंह उठय अर सः जनजन्मसम्बद्धाः
		to no an
There are on the ear		
mourned '	111 30,000 dead	4, a 1 →1
tion the earth		
unburied		
50,000	dead	
whom no one mourn		

Kaianga has gone to war, Kaianga has gone to war I don't know if he'll come back 21, 21q02q 2111

The people have gone to war, the people have gone to war

I do know: the people will come back.

to you, the people"

Mario Cissoko

Yours, this symbol in ebony,

symbol dyed by your own rough hands, the symbol dyed by your love on the symbol dyellow, green the symbol dyellow, green the symbol dyellow, green the symbol dyellow of t

This is translated directly from a Frenchsoriginal. 1 W Of. Mts.

You, people of strong cause, you march in the first wave, I, soldier of the front line support you,		() () ()
I deploy the columns. Reunited we shall face the fall Let us crush the fascist invader		. ; į
and in the explosion of freedom		embrace! i
•	,	111
		. 1.4
i	ři.	
‡		. 1
	Ł	€ . E
	•	K, 1
those strange times	•	1 1 111
Armando Guebuza		्रात्स्य स
t		I f
Those strange times		7 s E
Which smothered in sweat	5	4
The day's full length	•	ւ յորե
And peopled the fearful night With shadows		قائی مر افا
Of a new day		

partisans, song, lang to the translation of anonymous)

Leave your spade amount of its last Your hammers and cyour spen, becompanion in its last In the forest's heart rise up
With your spear, your knife and your gun

Forward in our fight
With weapons and with courage — hurry
DECT 2768 7800

All our people have risen up

They have but one road — freedom

Our people is our strength in the strength and what we seek is their progress and their joy

By the light of our party is the stand firm in our struggle is the stand firm in our struggle

On the plane, in the paddy fields with the city and the forest's heart, stand firm!

We are one One force, one future in our land Give your life brother For the victory of our people's dreedom nasiting (unonymous)

Tomorrow is liberty Your sons will enjoy the fruits of your fight

Leave your apane Let us, companions Let us marchato; freedom; andoto iprogressmal moY In the rore of heart rise up With you qual to it' mic and that gone

Wit to K. St. 18 our sure roa ļi!

Sampadjudo

Our sure road is pain and blood straight road to the sun the sun of our freedom

त्र रज्ञा Listen Caboverdian.

the siren of the future must sing in the factories of our lando a contract by Look, Caboverdian how the flower of the future opens all الأاب i I things

in the garden of our land

[•] From a Portuguese translation of a creole original.

Building a ho or studying in	spital, a sch la distant l	and. iool	*
My place is there, where	e FRELIM	O _, decid	,
The line of h	attle !		ş
is where the I	Revolution	takes m	ı e
WE ARE FRELIMO-S	OLDIERS	, TENDO (1	i i
ACCOMPLISHING [THE PAR	7 X:2° 1	
DIGGING THE BAS	IC SOIT, O	F	W. II
REVOLUTION			
FOR AN END OF E	XPLOITA	(TION	MAN
BY MAN)	ر 	** , }
TO BUILD COMPLE	ETE NAT	IONAL	
INDEPENDENCE.			f 15.4 "\$)
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poem			(اور ا ر ا
Jorge Rebelo		*	
3 - 6			1,5
	ď.	i	37

Come, brother and tell me your life come, show me the marks of revolt which the enemy left on your body Come, say to me "here my hands have been crushed because they defended the land which they own "Here my body was tortured because it refused to bendario invaders and the same state of the same

"Here my mouth was wounded with the late of the because Atlated Itols sing IHI and the late of the late of the my people's freedom?" (In 1914) if the late of the

Come brother and tell me your (life) / 1 / 1 / 1 come relate me the dreams of revolt / which your and your fathers and forefathers dreamed in silence through shadowless nights made for love

Come tell me these dreams become war, the birth of heroes, land reconquered, mothers who, fearless, send their sons to fight.

ta i april to the second of th

Come, tell me all this, my brother(1 3

And later I will forge simple words which even the children can understand words which will enter every house like the wind and fall like red hot embers on our people's souls

In our land Bullets are beginning to flower.

Biographical notes

FERNANDO COSTA ANDRADE was born in Lepi, Angola in 1936. As a student in Lisbon he was active in the Cultural Movement of the Casa dos Estudantes do Imperio.

He subsequently studied fine arts in Yugoslavia.

Publications: Terra de Acacias Rubras Colecção Autores
Ultramarinos Lisbon 1961;

Tempo Angolano na Italia Edição Felman Rego, San Paulo, Brazil 1963

MARIO CISSOKO was born in Guine in 1946 and is an active member of the PAIGC. He writes mainly in French.

JOSE CRAVEIRINHA was born in Lourenco Marques, Mozambique, in 1922. Poet, journalist and outspoken critic of the colonial regime, he was arrested and tried together with twelve other Mozambican intellectuals in 1966. He was found guilty of being a FRELIMO supporter and imprisoned. His health has recently been deteriorating. Publication: Chigubo Colecção Autores Ultramarinos da Casa dos Estudantes do Imperio, Lisbon 1964.

VIRIATO DA CRUZ was born in Porto Amboim, Angola, in 1928. He was one of the initiators of the "Væmos descobrir Angola" movement and editor of the radical literary magazine "Mensagem". For a time he was Secretary General of MPLA and he is now a member of the Afro-Asian Writers Committee. Publications: Poemas Colecção Autores Ultramarinos da Casa dos Estudantes do Imperio, Lisbon 1961.

Also numerous articles including "What kind of Independence for Angola?" Revolution (Paris) 1964 and "Des responsibilités de l'intellectuel noir" Présence Africaine no 27-28 1959.

KAOBERDIANO DAMBARA was born in the Cabo Verdes in 1939 and is a member of PAIGC.

He writes mainly in Guine' Creole.

ARMANDO GUEBUZA was born in Mozambique in 1942 and went to secondary school in Lourence Marques. He is now FRELIMO Inspector of Schools, in charge of the primary school programme inside liberated Mozambique.

ANTONIO JACINTO was born in Luanda; Angola in 1932. A writer and militant nationalist, he was condemned to fourteen years imprisonment on political charges.

Publications: Poemas Collecção Autores Ultramarinos da Casa dos Estudantes do Imperio, Lisbon 1961.

GOUVEIA DE LEMOS comes from Mozambique. He is a journalist and poet.

GABRIEL MARIANO was born in the Cabo Verdes in 1928. He writes both in Portuguese and Creole.

MINDELENSE comes from Guine and is working with the PAIGC.

AGOSTINHO NETO was born in the Catete region of Angola in 1922. He studied medicine in Lisbon and Coimbra and is a qualified doctor. A militant nationalist all his life he has served several terms of imprisonment. He is now the President of MPLA. Publications: A sagrada Esperança (a collection of his poems published in Russia in the original Portuguese and in translation in Russian and Italian.).

HELDER NETO comes from Angola and is working with MPLA.

RUI DE NORONHA was born in Lourenço Marques, Mozambique in 1909 and died in 1945. Publications: Sonetos Imprensa Central Minerva de Lourenço Marques. S. D.

JORGE REBELO was born in Lourenço Marques, Mozambique, in 1940 and studied at Coimbra University. He is now FRELIMO Secretary for Information and edits the magazine Mozambique Repolution,

SAMPADJUDO was born in Cabo Verde in 1928 and is a memb of PAIGC. He writes mainly in Creole.

ARNALDO SANTOS was born in Luanda, Angola in 1936, a po and short-story writer. Publications: Fuga, 1960; Quinaxixe Edições da Casa dos Estudan do Imperio.

AIRES DE ALMEIDA SANTOS was born in Bie, Angola in 19 He is a civil servant and lives in Luanda.

MARCELINO DOS, SANTOS was born in Mozambique an 199 He studied political science at the Sorbonne and remained for greats in France as a political exile. He returned to Africa will FRELIMO was: formed and its now a member of, the Council

Presidency.

His poems have been translated into several languages and collectine been published in Moscow.

livéd in San Tome for three years and spent some time working a civil servant in Angola. He joined PAIGC and is now acting European représentative while continuing his studies in Sweden. Publications: Hora Grande (Poems) Publicacoes Bailundo de N Lisboa, Angola 1962; "Conscienscialização na Literatura de C Verde" (an Essay) Edição da Casa dos Estudantes do Impeliabon 1963.

ONESIMO SILVEIRA was born in the Cabo Verdes in 1936.

NOEMIA DE SOUSA was born in Lourenço Marques, Mozambie in 1927. She was very politically active during the 1950s when was also producing her best work. She now lives quietly in Paris

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